

A formal category theory for ∞ -categories

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defn (Lawvere-Tierney) An elementary \mathbb{I} -topos is

- (0) a cartesian closed \mathbb{I} -category that has
- (1) finite limits and
- (2) a subobject classifier.

defn (Webu, after Street) A 2-topos is

- (0) a Cartesian closed 2-category that has
- (1) finite limits,
- (2) a duality involution, and
- (2) a classifying left fibration.

Fix two Grothendieck universes $U \subset U'$.

Ex The 1-category Set of U -small sets is a 1-topos.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} S & \xrightarrow{\quad} & 1 \\ \downarrow & \lrcorner & \downarrow \tau \\ A & \xrightarrow{x_s} & \mathcal{N} \end{array}$$

$\mathcal{N} = \{\top, \perp\}$ classifies subobjects

Ex The 2-category CAT of U' -small categories is a 2-topos.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} SF & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \text{Set}^* \\ \downarrow & \lrcorner & \downarrow \cup \\ A & \xrightarrow[F]{} & \text{Set} \end{array}$$

classifies left-fibrations with U -small
(discrete) fibers

Main result (R-Verity) A weakened version of these 2-topos axioms are satisfied by CAT_∞ , the 2-category of ∞ -categories.

Here and elsewhere ∞ -category is shorthand for $(\infty, 1)$ -category, a category weakly enriched in ∞ -groupoids/homotopy types.

- PLAN
- (0) a Cartesian closed 2-category CAT_∞
 - (1) finite limits in CAT_∞
 - (2) a duality involution on CAT_∞
 - (3) a classifying left fibration for CAT_∞

Part 0: a Cartesian closed 2-category CAT_∞

We can use various models of ∞ -categories to define the 2-category CAT_∞ and the results will be biequivalent.

Theorem (Joyal, Rezk, Joyal-Tierney, Verity) The \mathbb{I} -categories of quasi-categories, complete Segal spaces, Segal categories, and \mathbb{I} -complicial sets are cartesian closed.

~ For $K = q\text{Cat}, \text{CSS}, \text{Segal}, \text{or } \mathbb{I}\text{-Comp}$, K is a K -category:

$$C^{A \times B} \cong (C^B)^A \in K$$

The homotopy category functor $K \xrightarrow{\text{ho}} \text{CAT}$ preserves products ~

K is a cartesian closed 2-category with $\text{fun}(A, B) := \text{ho}(B^A)$.

~ this defines the 2-category CAT_∞

Part 1: weak finite limits in CAT_∞

Prop. Given $C \xrightarrow{f} A \leftarrow^g B$ in CAT_∞ there exists a weak comma object

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \text{Hom}(f,g) & \\ A & \uparrow \phi & \downarrow \text{dom} \\ \text{cod} & & \\ C & \swarrow & \searrow \\ & g & f \\ & A & \end{array}$$

constructed

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Hom}_A(f,g) & \xrightarrow{\phi} & A^2 \\ \downarrow (\text{cod}, \text{dom}) & & \downarrow \text{in } K \\ G \times B & \xrightarrow{g \times f} & A \times A \end{array}$$

such
that

$$\begin{array}{ccc} C & \xrightarrow{\alpha} & B \\ \downarrow & \nearrow \beta & \downarrow \\ C & \xrightarrow{\text{col}} & \text{Hom}_A(f,g) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \text{dom} \\ & & B \end{array}$$

up to iso over $G \times B$.

Cor. $\text{Hom}_A(f,g)$ is
unique up to
fibered equivalence.

defn. $A \xrightarrow{k} B$ is fully faithful iff $A \xrightarrow[\sim]{\epsilon \circ i \circ k} \text{Hom}(k, k)$.

defn. A pointwise right Kan extension between ∞ -categories is

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A & \xrightarrow{k} & B \\ f \searrow & \swarrow v & \\ C & & \end{array}$$

such that

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Hom}(b, k) & \xrightarrow{\alpha} & X \\ \downarrow & \swarrow \delta & \downarrow \nu \\ A & \xrightarrow[k]{v} & B \\ f \searrow & \swarrow r & \\ G & & \end{array}$$

is also a right Kan extension.

Prop. If k is fully faithful, then v is invertible.

Prop. A right adjoint is fully faithful iff the counit is invertible.

Part 8: a duality involution on CAT_∞

Like CAT , CAT_∞ has a 2-functor $\text{CAT}_\infty^{\text{op}} \xrightarrow{(-)^\circ} \text{CAT}_\infty$
that sends an ∞ -category A to its opposite ∞ -category A° ,
such that $(A^\circ)^\circ = A$.

But Weber's notion of duality involution requires more...

To state the full axiom we must introduce:

two-sided discrete fibrations aka modules between ∞ -categories.

Defn. A functor $E \xrightarrow{\text{P}} B$ between ∞ -categories is a
 left fibration $\wedge E \xrightarrow{\text{P}^{\text{r}, \text{id}_B}} \text{Hom}_B^{\text{r}}(P, B)$ is an equivalence
 right fibration $\wedge E \xrightarrow{\text{P}^{\text{r}, \text{id}_B}} \text{Hom}_B^{\text{l}}(B, P)$

cocartesian fibration $\wedge E \xrightarrow{\text{P}^{\text{r}, \text{id}_B}} \text{Hom}_B^{\text{r}}(P, B)$
 cartesian fibration $\wedge E \xrightarrow{\text{P}^{\text{r}, \text{id}_B}} \text{Hom}_B^{\text{l}}(B, P)$ admits a } lari
 } pari

Ex $A \xrightarrow{\text{dom}} A$ is a } cartesian fibration
 $A \xrightarrow{\text{cod}} A$ } cocartesian

Ex For $I \hookrightarrow A$, $\text{Hom}_A(A, a) \xrightarrow{\text{dom}} A$ is a } right fibration
 $\text{Hom}_A(a, A) \xrightarrow{\text{cod}} A$ } left

defn. A span $A \leftarrow E \rightarrow B$ of ∞ -categories defines a module from A to B iff

- $A \leftarrow E$ is a cocartesian fibration over B
- $E \rightarrow B$ is a cartesian fibration over A
- the fibers of $E \xrightarrow{\text{gr}} A \times B$ are ∞ -groupoids

Ex any left fibration $A \leftarrow E \rightarrow I$ or any right fibration $I \leftarrow E \rightarrow B$

$$\text{Ex } A \xleftarrow{\text{cod}} A^2 \xrightarrow{\text{dom}} A$$

$$C \xleftarrow{\text{cod}} \text{Hom}(fg) \xrightarrow{\text{dom}} B \quad \text{for any } C \xrightarrow{g} A \leftarrow B$$

$$I \xleftarrow{\text{cod}} \text{Hom}(A, g) \xrightarrow{\text{dom}} A \quad \text{for any } I \xrightarrow{g} A$$

$$A \xleftarrow{\text{cod}} \text{Hom}(g, I) \xrightarrow{\text{dom}} I$$

Idea: A module $A \leftarrow E \rightarrow B$ encodes a homotopy coherent diagram
 $A \times B^\circ \rightarrow \text{cofibration} \dots \text{let } s_0 \text{ does a left-fibration } F \rightarrow A \times B^\circ$
 or a right fibration $G \rightarrow A^\circ \times B$

Defn (Weber) A duality involution entails an involutive 2-functor
 $(-)^0$, contravariant in 2-cells, together with a pseudo-natural
 equivalence of categories

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{modules from} \\ A \times B^\circ \text{ to } C \end{array} \right\} \cong \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{modules from} \\ A \text{ to } B \times C \end{array} \right\}$$

Our next task is to construct this for CAT_∞ .

We work with the quasi-categorical model of ∞ -categories.
 defn. The quasi-category $A \sharp A$ of twisted arrows in a quasi-category A has

$$\{\Delta[n] \rightarrow A \sharp A\} \cong \{\Delta[n]^{\circ} * \Delta[n] \rightarrow A\}$$

Consider also $A \sharp^{\circ} A := (A \sharp A)^{\circ}$

$$\{\Delta[n] \rightarrow A \sharp^{\circ} A\} \cong \{\Delta[n] * \Delta[n]^{\circ} \rightarrow A\}$$

Prop. $A \sharp A \xrightarrow{(\text{cod}, \text{dir})} A \times A^{\circ}$ is a left fibration.

$A \sharp^{\circ} A \xrightarrow{(\text{co}, \text{dom})} A^{\circ} \times A$ is a right fibration.

Prop. For all $I \xrightarrow{g} A$, $a \sharp A \cong \text{Hom}_A(g, A)$ $A \sharp^{\circ} A \cong \text{Hom}_A^*(A, g)$

$\text{cod} \downarrow \swarrow \text{co}$ and $\text{dom} \downarrow \searrow \text{dom}$

A

$\hookrightarrow A \sharp A$ and $A \sharp^{\circ} A$ are twisted versions of A^2 .

Theorem. The modules $A \otimes A$ and $A^{\otimes 2} A$ are duals in the

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \text{A} \otimes A & \\ \text{A} \otimes A^{\otimes 2} & \xrightarrow{\quad \eta \quad} & \text{A}^{\otimes 2} A \\ & \text{A} \otimes A^{\otimes 2} & \end{array}$$

monoidal bicategory of modules:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \text{A} \otimes A^{\otimes 2} A & \\ \text{A} & \swarrow \quad \searrow & \\ & \text{A} \otimes \text{A}^{\otimes 2} \text{A} & \\ & \text{A} \otimes \text{A}^{\otimes 2} \text{A} & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \text{A}^{\otimes 2} \text{A} \otimes \text{A} & \\ \text{A}^{\otimes 2} \text{A} & \swarrow \quad \searrow & \\ & \text{A}^{\otimes 2} \text{A} & \end{array}$$

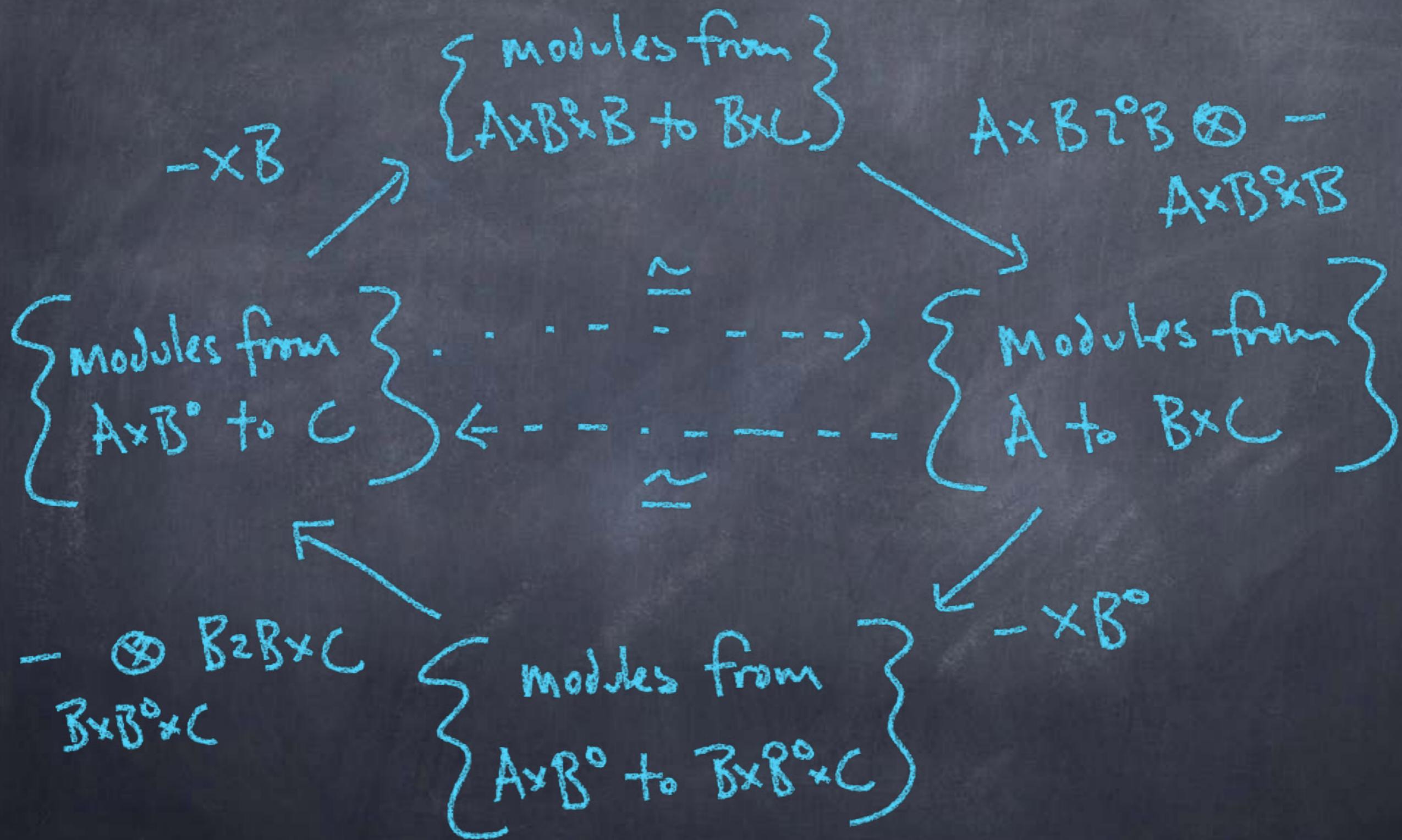
as modules from
 A to A .

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \text{A}^{\otimes 2} & \\ \text{A}^{\otimes 2} & \swarrow \quad \searrow & \\ \text{A} & & \text{A} \end{array}$$

l2
⊗
dom

Yoneda Lemma $\rightsquigarrow A^{\otimes 2}$ is the unit for \otimes_A .

Theorem. The 2-category $\widehat{\text{CAT}}_{\infty}$ has a duality involution



Part 2: a classifying left fibration for CAT_∞

defn (Weber). A left fibration $S_* \xrightarrow{v} S$ is classifying when the functor $\text{fun}(A, S) \rightarrow \text{leftfib}/A$ given by

$$\begin{array}{ccc} Sf & \rightarrow & S_* \\ \downarrow f & \downarrow v & \text{is fully faithful for all } A. \\ A & \xrightarrow{f} & S \end{array}$$

IDEA: Take $S \in \text{CAT}_\infty$ to be the ∞ -category of U-small ∞ -groupoids and take S_* to be the ∞ -category of pointed ∞ -groupoids.

Again we work with the quasi-categorical model of ∞ -categories.

Strategies for constructing the classifying left fibration $S_* \xrightarrow{\sim} S$

- "unstraightening id": define

$S =$ the homotopy coherent nerve of a cartesian closed category
of spaces

S_* = the slice quasi-category $*/S$

- via locality of left fibrations: take

$\{\Delta[n] \rightarrow S\} \approx \{\text{U-small left fibrations over } \Delta[n]\}$

$\{\Delta[n] \rightarrow S_*\} \approx \{\text{U-small left fibrations over } \Delta[n]\}$
together with a global section

- model-independently: define

$S =$ the free colimit completion of the one-point space *

$S_* = \text{Hom}_S(*, S)$

→ easy to verify $S_* \xrightarrow{\sim} S$ is a left fibration

To define a homotopy coherent functor $\text{Fun}(A, S) \xrightarrow{f} \text{LFib}/A$ use the microcosm principle:

Prop. $\text{Cart}(K) \xrightarrow{\text{cod}} K$ is a cartesian fibration of $(\infty, 2)$ -categories:

- locally a cocartesian fibration of ∞ -categories, and whiskering defines a cartesian functor
- globally a cartesian fibration up to homotopy

Cor. Cartesian cocones lift through $\text{CoCart}(K) \xrightarrow{\text{cod}} K$

The functor $\text{Fun}(A, S) \xrightarrow{f} \text{LFib}/A$ is defined by one such lift.

The proof that $\text{Fun}(A, S) \xrightarrow{f} \text{LFib}/A$ is fully faithful is a long story that we won't get into here.

Summary:

The 2-category of ∞ -categories CAT_{∞} is a weak 2-topos:

- (0) a Cartesian closed 2-category that has
- (1) weak finite limits,
- (2) a duality involution, and
- (2) a classifying left fibration.

References:

- Mark Weber "Yoneda structures from 2-toposes"
Applied Categorical Structures 2007
- Emily Riehl + Dominic Verity "Elements of ∞ -category theory"
draft available at www.math.jhu.edu/~eriehl/elements.pdf

Why might we care that CAT_∞ is a 2-topos?

For $A \in \text{CAT}_\infty$ define $PA := S^{A^\circ}$.

Declare $A \xrightarrow{f} B \in \text{CAT}_\infty$ to be admissible if the module

$\underset{B}{\text{Hom}}(f, B)$ is classified by some $B \times A^\circ \rightarrow S$.

Note $A \in \text{CAT}_\infty$ is admissible just when A^2 is classified by a functor $A \times A^\circ \rightarrow S$ which transposes to define $A \xrightarrow{\delta} PA$.

Theorem (Weber). Any 2-topos specifies a good Yoneda structure.

Thank you!